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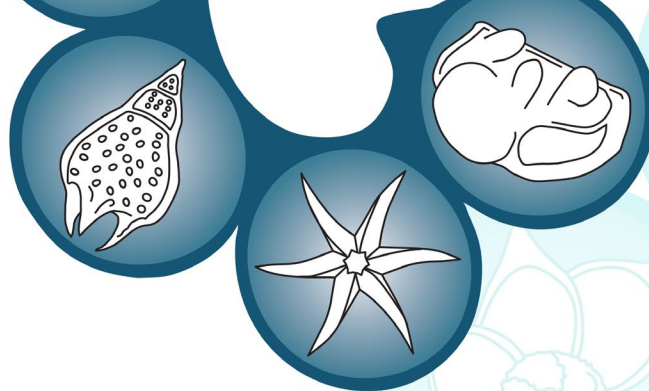
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Image credit:

A test of the testate amoebae *Diffflugia viscidula*. The specimen was sampled in a small river of Brittany (Rau de l'étang du Loc'h, Peumerit-Quintin, France). Image by Maxence Delaine, with the SEM images taken at the Laboratoire d'Océanologie et de Géosciences, Lille 1 University, France.



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Aims and scope

The Journal of Micropalaeontology (JM) is an established international journal covering all aspects of microfossils and their application to both applied studies and basic research. In particular we welcome submissions relating to microfossils and their application to palaeoceanography, palaeoclimatology, palaeobiology, evolution, taxonomy, environmental change and molecular phylogeny. Owned by The Micropalaeontological Society, the scope of the journal is broad, demonstrating the application of microfossils to solving broad geoscience issues.

The journal subject areas are defined by the following index terms:

- benthic foraminifera;
- planktic foraminifera;
- ostracods;
- siliceous;
- nannofossils;
- palynology;
- palaeoceanography and palaeoenvironment;
- stratigraphy;
- palaeobiology and evolution;
- molecular phylogeny;
- environmental change.